

GONG p-Mode Parameters Through Two Solar Cycles

SOHO-29: 22 years of GOLF and VIRGO:
2 sunspot cycles seen by seismology

Nice, 27.-29. 11. 2018

**René Kiefer^{1,2,3}, Rudi Komm³, Frank Hill³,
Anne-Marie Broomhall¹, Markus Roth²**

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Frequencies, Frequencies, Frequencies

Change of solar oscillation eigenfrequencies with the solar cycle

Martin F. Woodard* & Robert W. Noyes

VARIATIONS IN HIGH DEGREE ACOUSTIC MODE FREQUENCIES OF THE SUN DURING SOLAR CYCLE 23 AND 24
S. C. TRIPATHY, K. JAIN AND F. HILL

SOLAR p -MODE FREQUENCIES AND THEIR DEPENDENCE ON SOLAR ACTIVITY: RECENT RESULTS FROM THE BISON NETWORK
Y. ELSWORTH,¹ R. HOWE,¹ G. R. ISAAK,¹ C. P. MCLEOD,¹ B. A. MILLER,¹ R. NEW,² C. C. SPEAKE,¹ AND S. J. WHEELER¹
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Fifty Years of Seismology of the Sun and Stars
ASP Conference Series, Vol. 478
K. Jain, S. C. Tripathy, F. Hill, J. W. Leibacher, and A. A. Pevtsov, eds.
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Variation of low-order acoustic solar oscillations over the solar cycle

Y. Elsworth, R. Howe, G. R. Isaak, C. P. McLeod & R. New
Nature **345**, 322–324 (24 May 1990) | [Download Citation](#) ↓

Mode Frequencies from GONG, MDI, and HMI Data

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High Degree Mode Parameters Through Time

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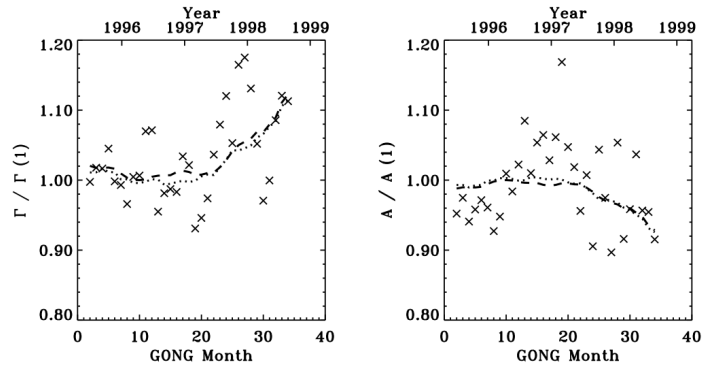
THE ASTROPHYSICAL JOURNAL, 531:1094–1108, 2000 March 10
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SOLAR-CYCLE CHANGES IN GONG p -MODE WIDTHS AND AMPLITUDES 1995–1998

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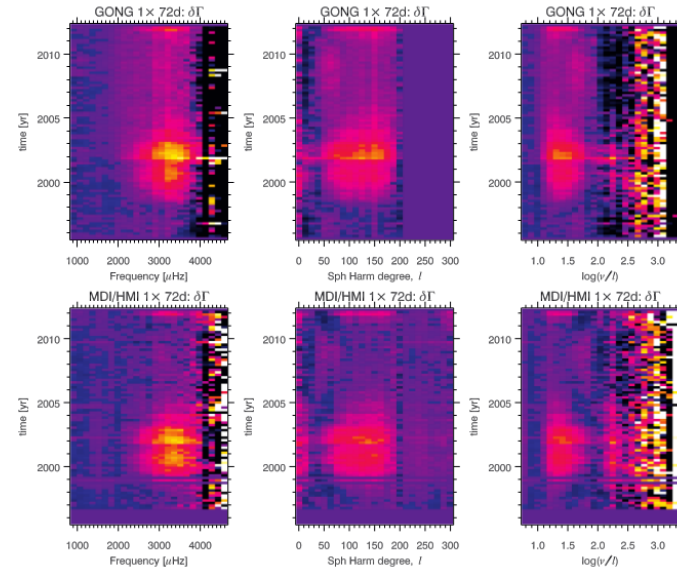
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WIDTH AND ENERGY OF SOLAR p -MODES OBSERVED BY GLOBAL OSCILLATION NETWORK GROUP

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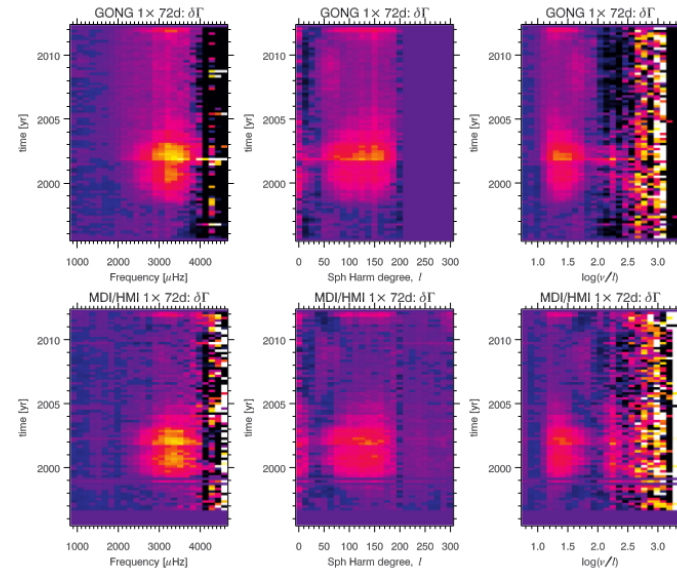
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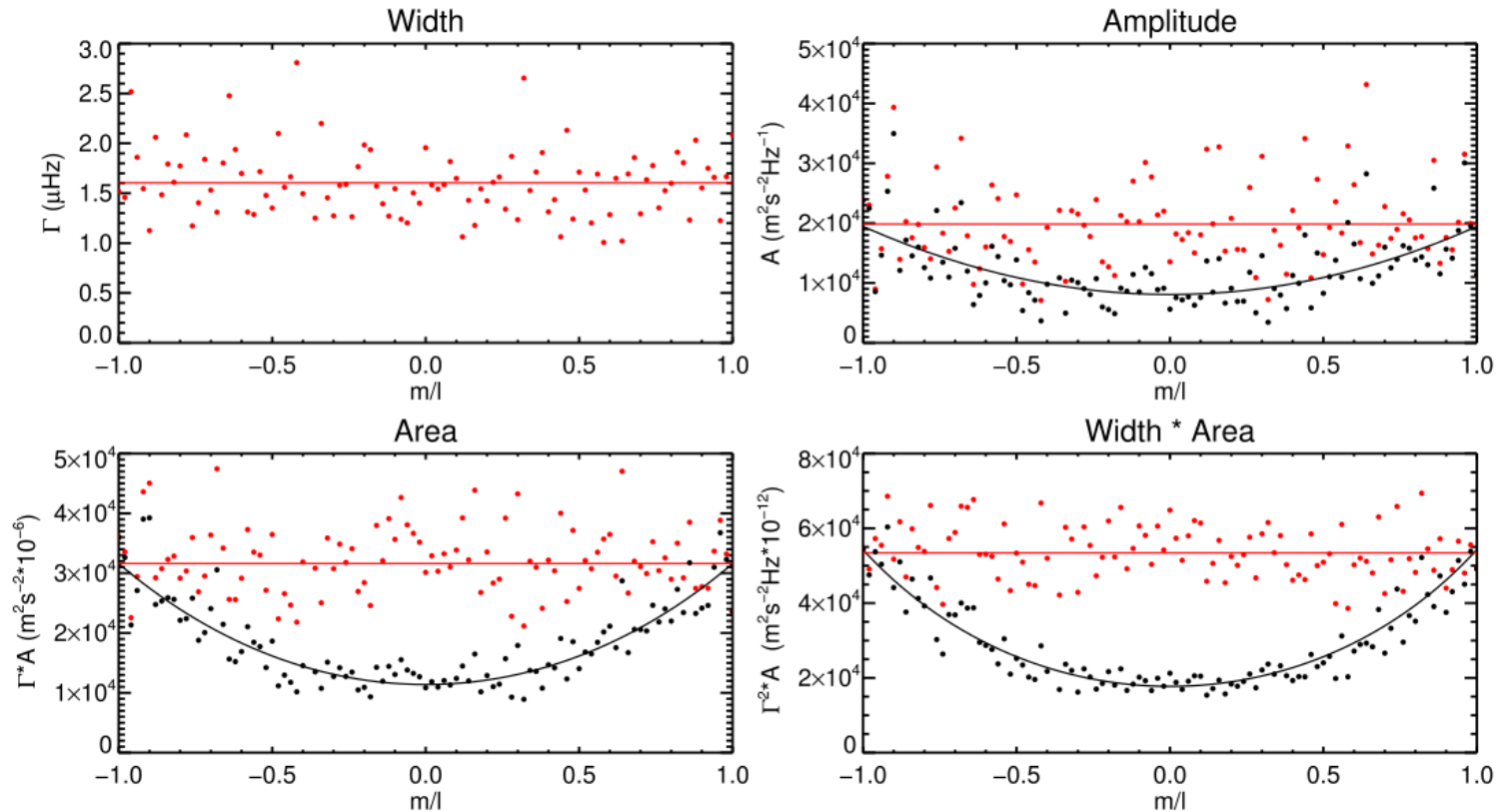
Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA



What Are We Looking at?

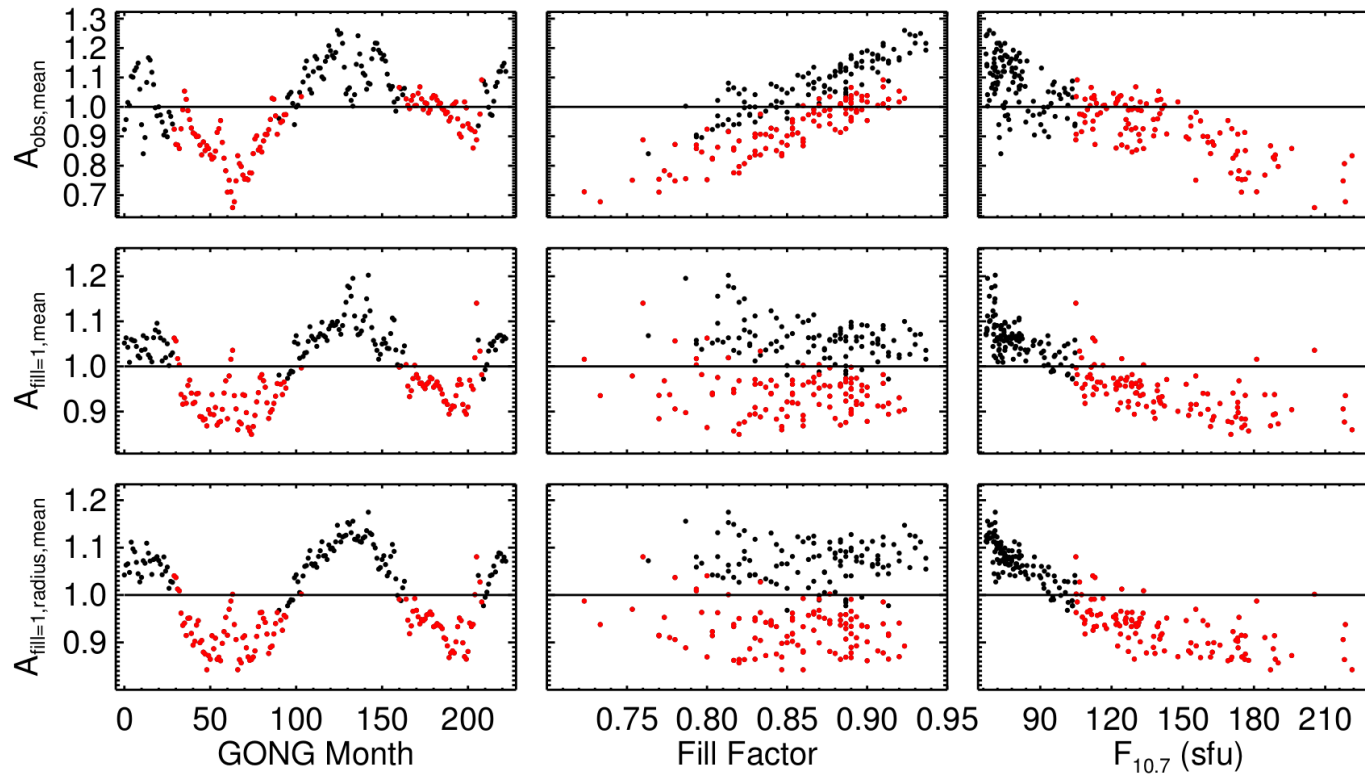
- 223 GONG 108 day-long time series, 3 GONG months, network merged
 - May 1995 – March 2017
- GONG pipeline output: mode widths and amplitudes
 - Products Width x Amplitude, Width² x Amplitude
- Harmonic degrees $l=0-150$
- Modes present in all time samples

Azimuthal Correction & Averaging

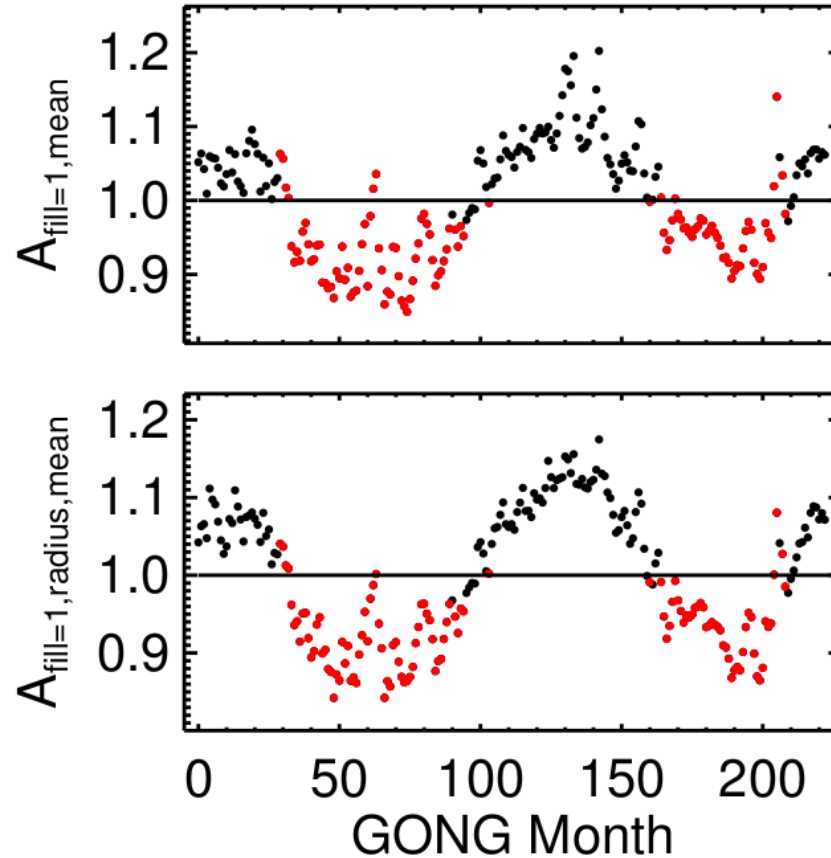


$(n,l) = (10,50)$

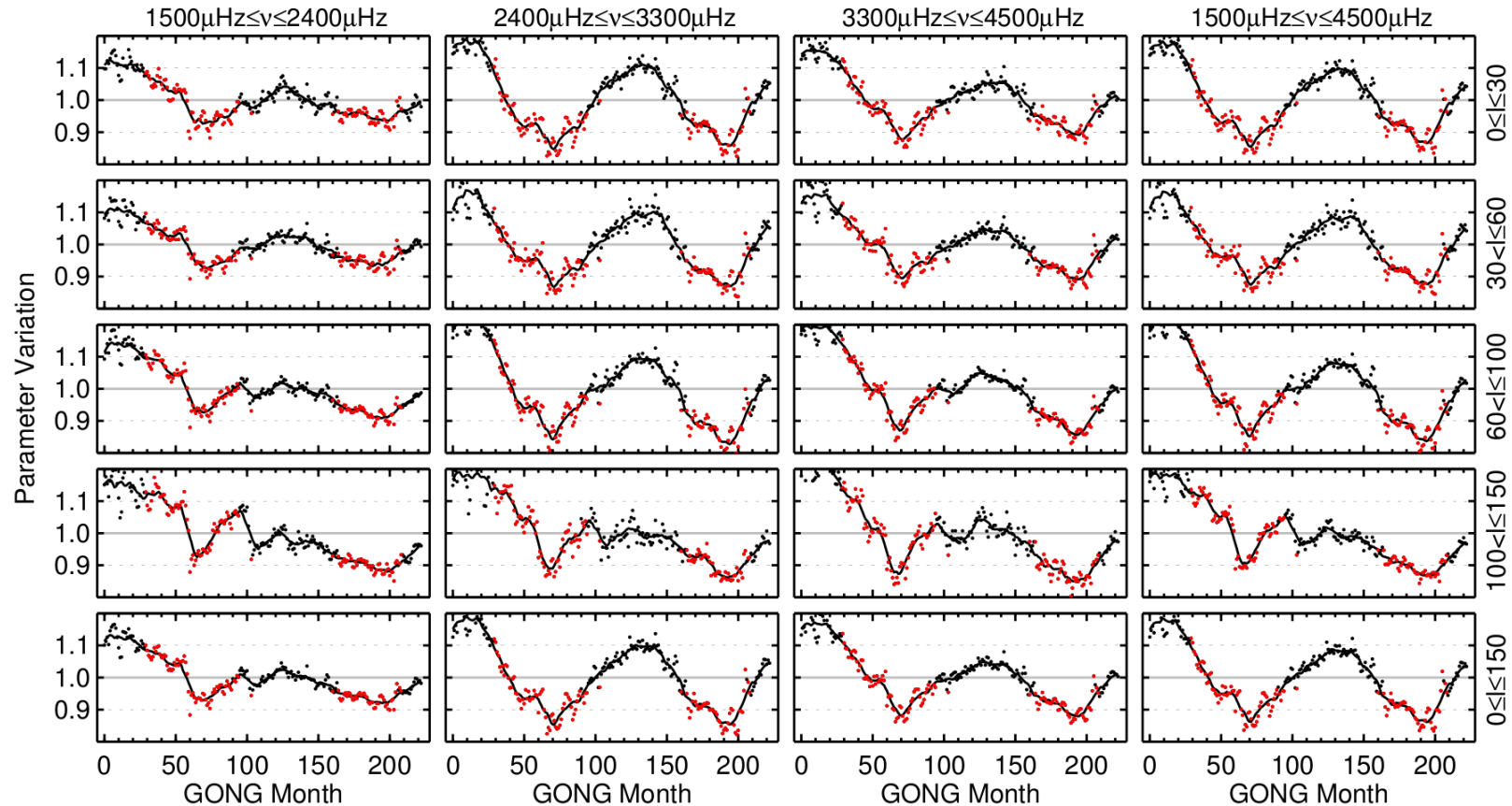
Correct for Fill and Solar Radius



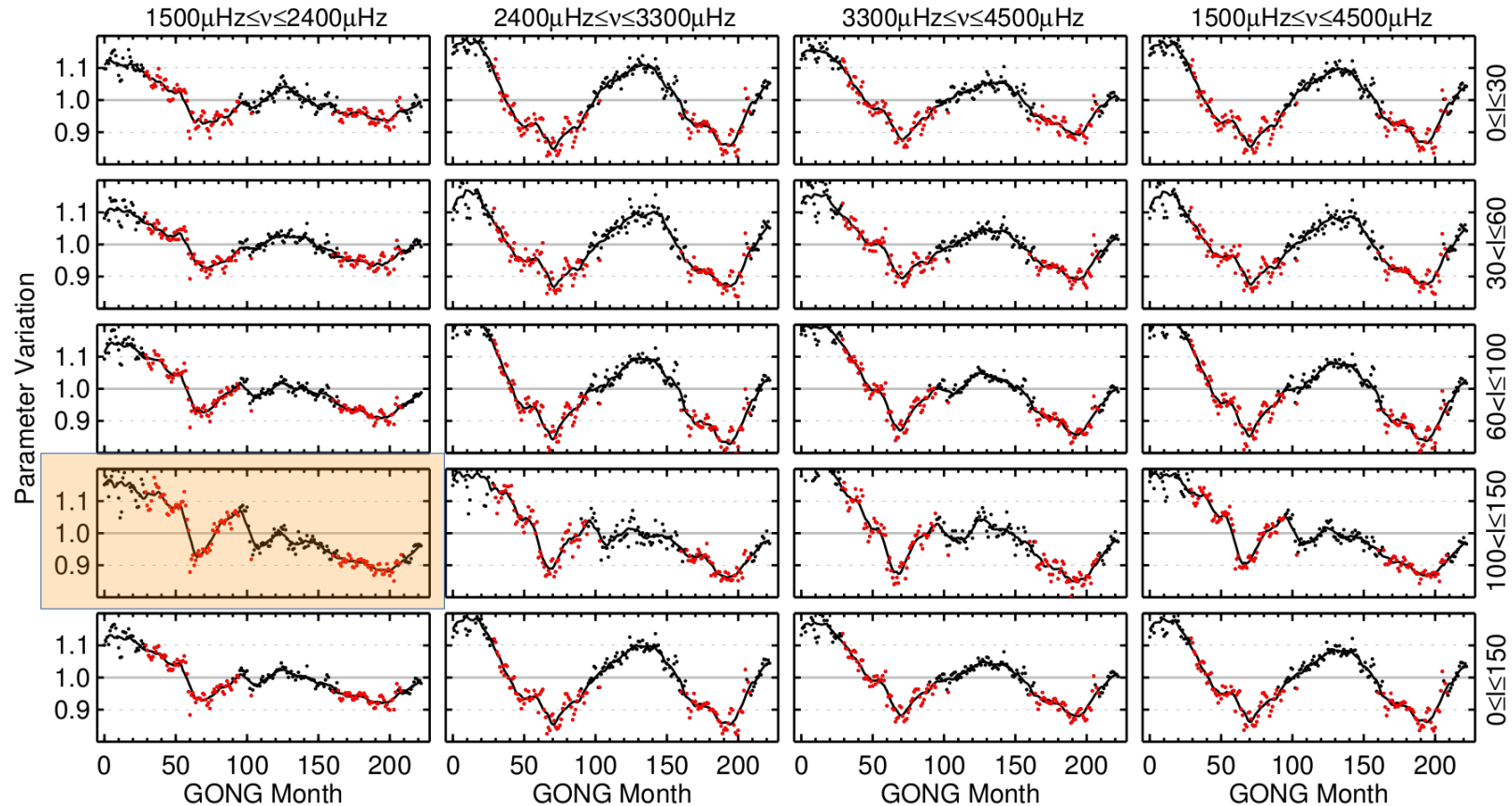
Correct for Fill and Solar Radius



Uncorrected Mode Amplitudes



Uncorrected Mode Amplitudes



Empirical Correction

$$C = 1 - \frac{0.03 \cdot l}{150} - \frac{0.06 \cdot v}{4500 \mu\text{Hz}} - 0.06 \quad (\text{months } 1 - 58),$$

$$C = 1 - \frac{0.02 \cdot l}{150} - \frac{0.04 \cdot v}{4500 \mu\text{Hz}} - 0.04 \quad (\text{month } 59),$$

$$C = 1 - \frac{0.01 \cdot l}{150} - \frac{0.02 \cdot v}{4500 \mu\text{Hz}} - 0.02 \quad (\text{month } 60),$$

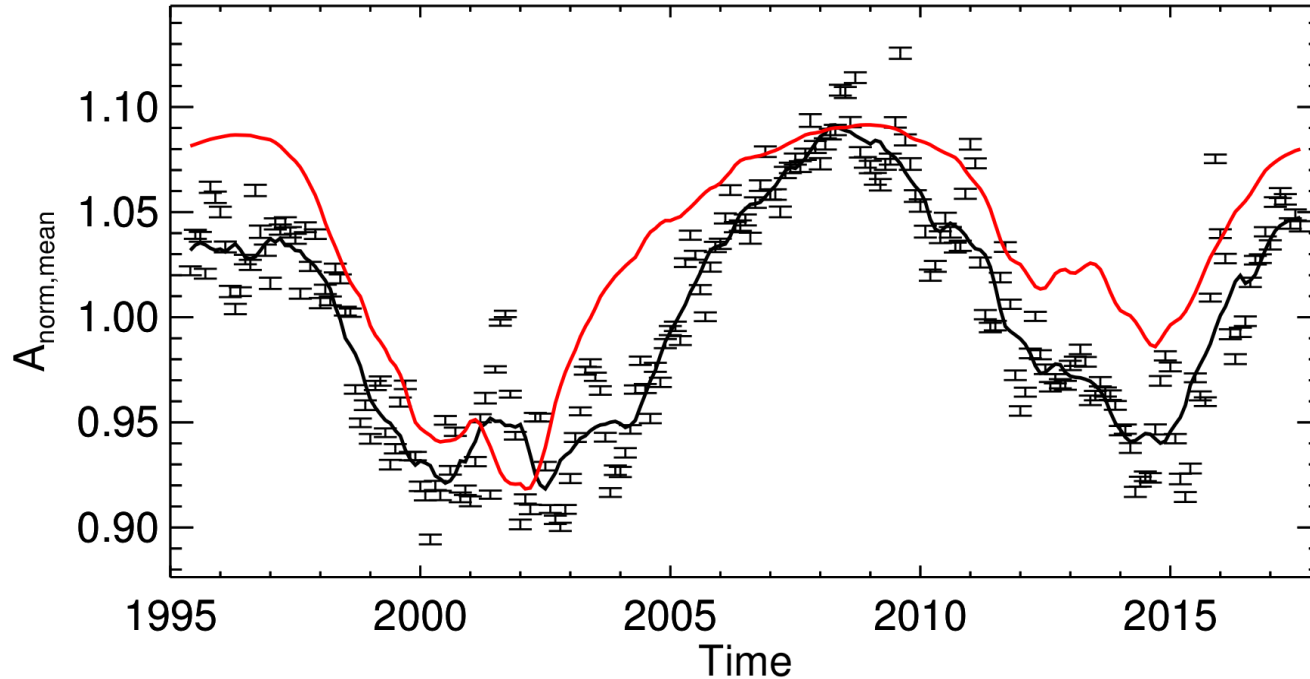
$$C = 1 \quad (\text{months } 61 - 98),$$

$$C = 1 + \frac{0.0733 \cdot l}{150} \quad (\text{month } 100),$$

$$C = 1 + \frac{0.1466 \cdot l}{150} \quad (\text{month } 101),$$

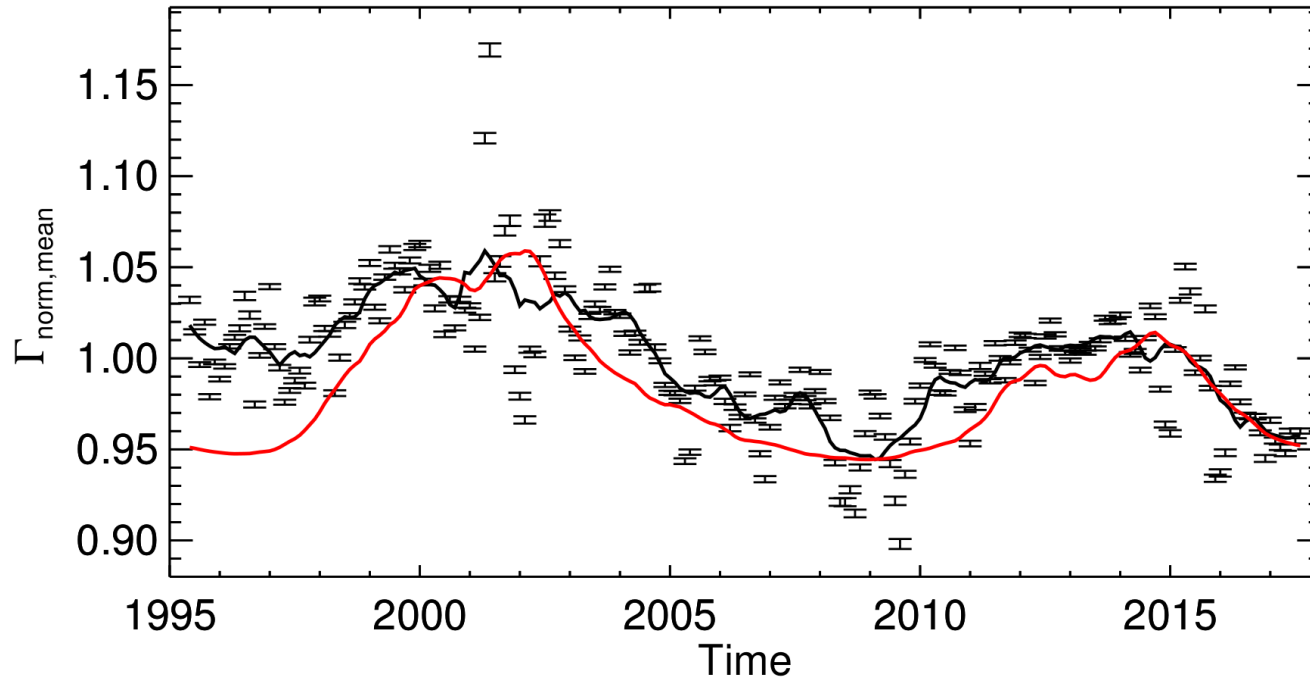
$$C = 1 + \frac{0.22 \cdot l}{150} \quad (\text{months } 102 - 223),$$

Mode Amplitudes



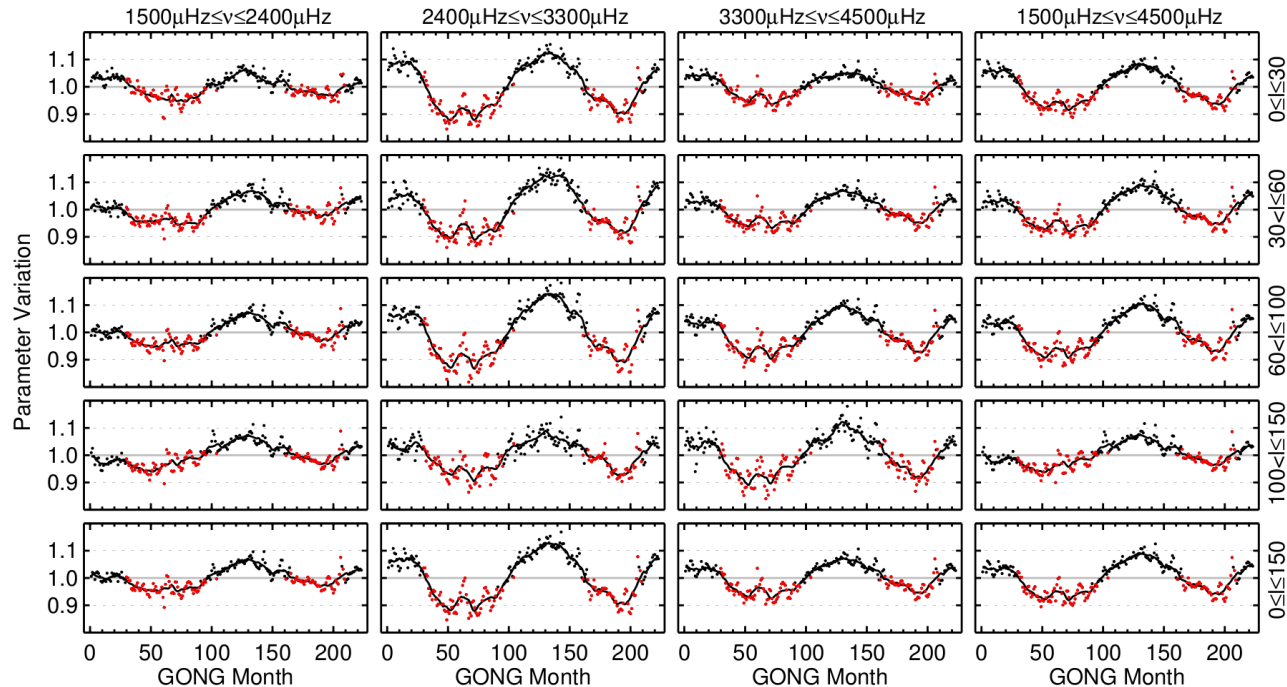
- Averaged over all n, l, m, ν , 1272 modes
- Black: 1-yr smoothed
- Red: scaled F10.7
- Spearman rho = -0.91
- Variation: 17.3%

Mode Widths



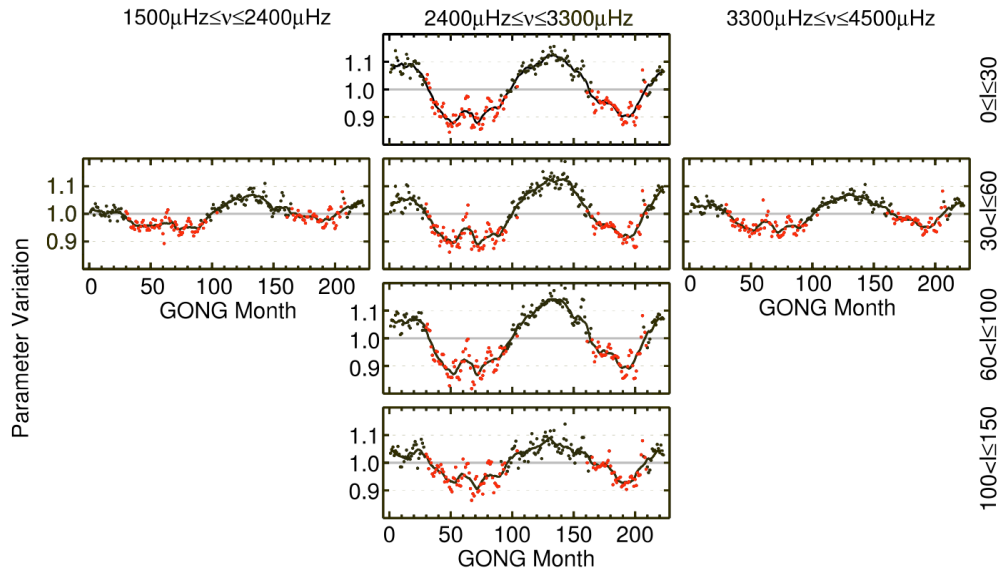
- Averaged over all n, l, m, ν , 1275 modes
- Black: 1-yr smoothed
- Red: scaled F10.7
- Spearman rho = 0.62
- Variation: 11.5%

Corrected Mode Amplitudes



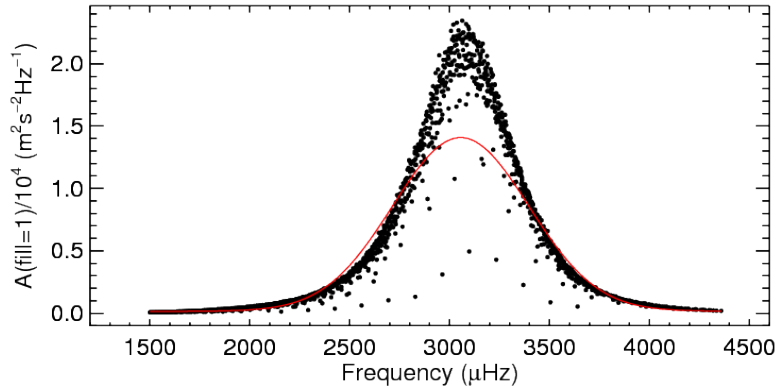
- Normalized to mean
- Columns: same frequency ranges
- Rows: same harmonic degrees
- Colour: high/low activity

Corrected Mode Amplitudes

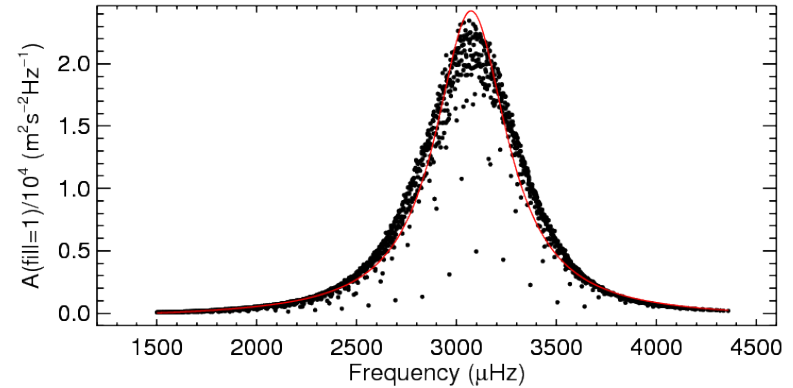


- Normalized
- Columns: same frequency ranges
- Rows: same harmonic degrees
- Colour: high/low activity

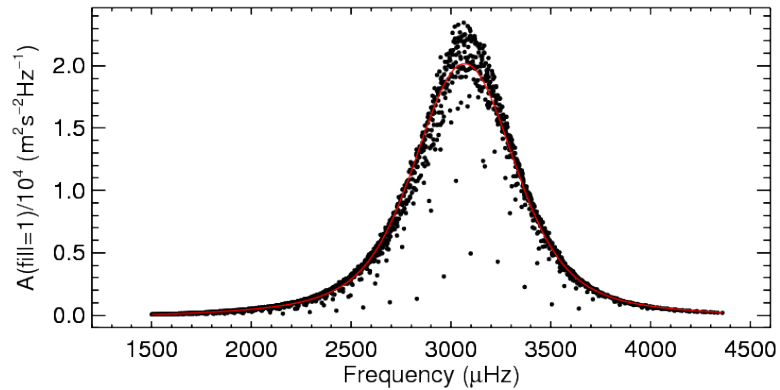
Gaussian vs Lorentzian vs Voigt



Gaussian

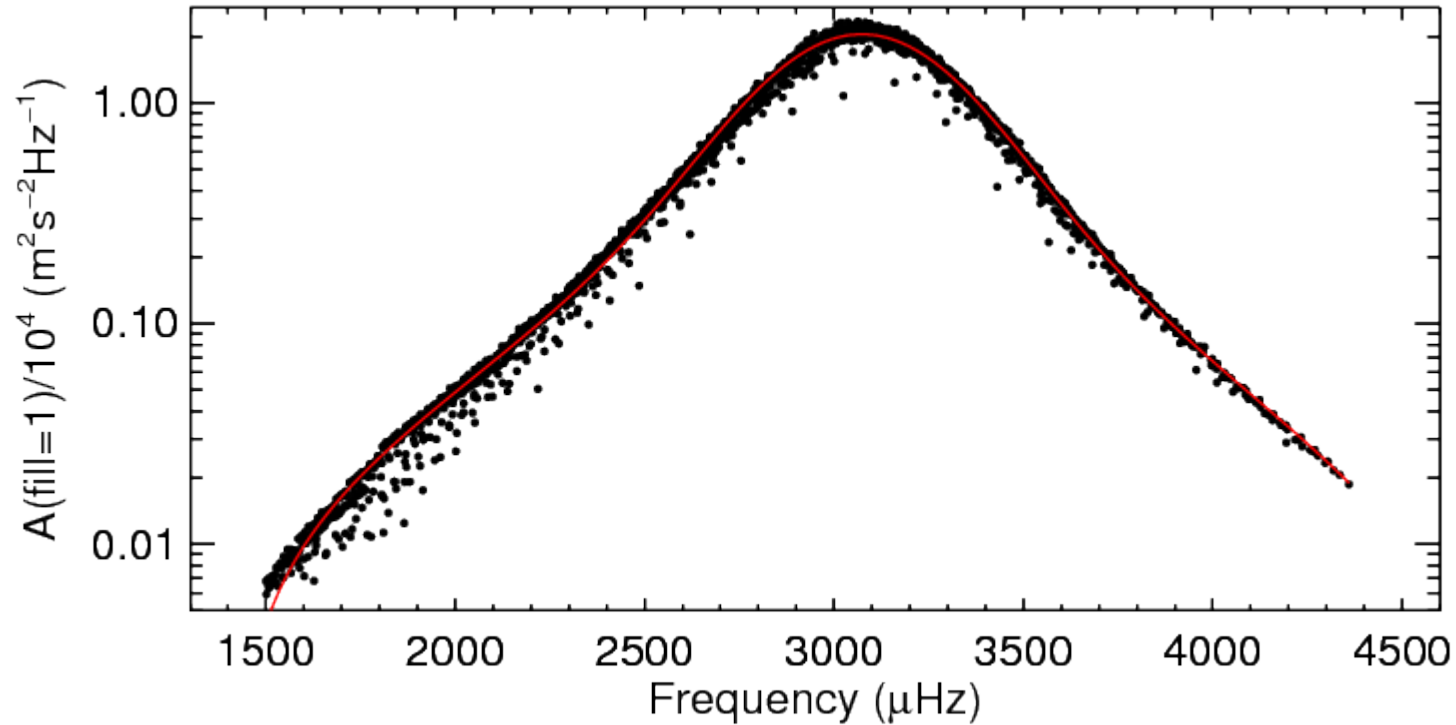


Lorentzian



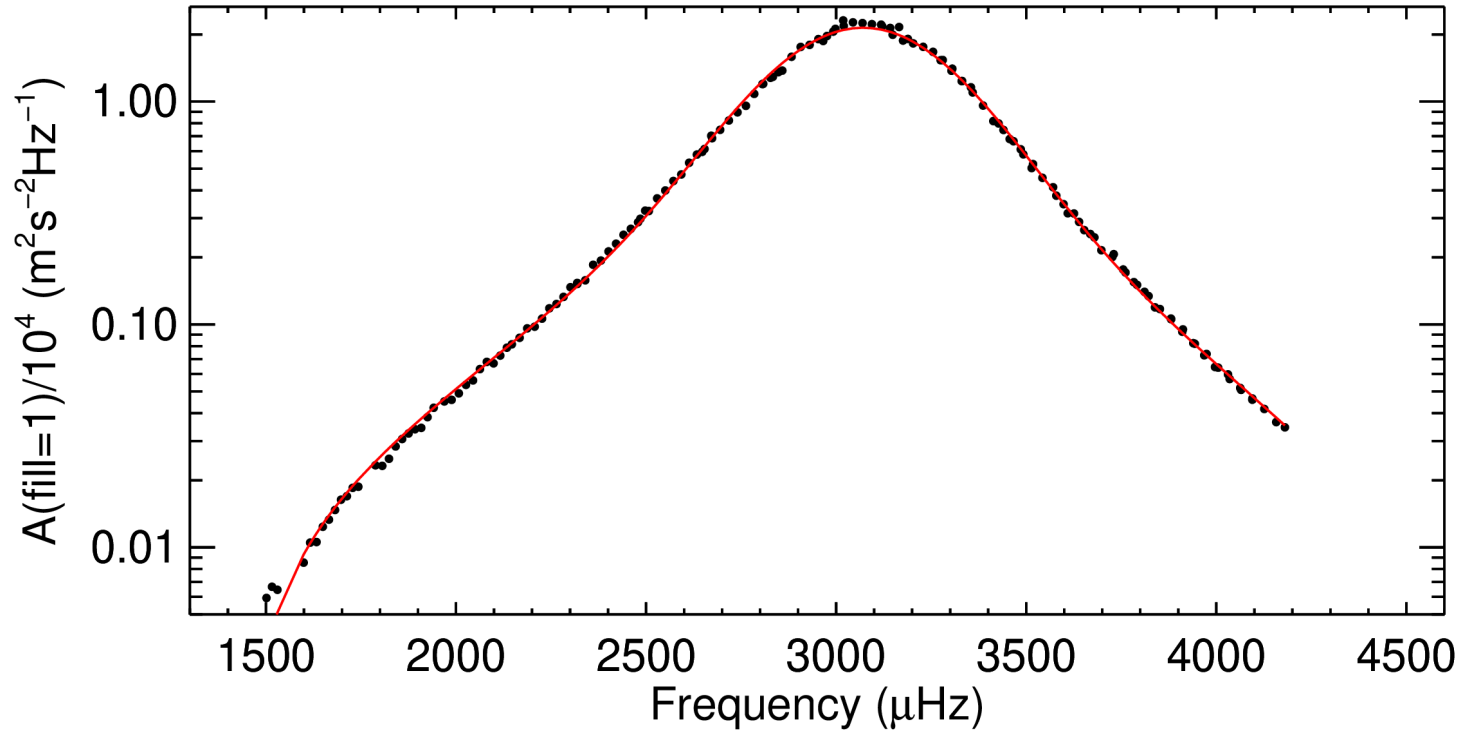
Asymmetric Voigt

Asymmetric Voigt Profile



$l = 2 - 150$, m averaged, time averaged

Asymmetric Voigt Profile



$l = 31 - 40$

Asymmetric Voigt Profile

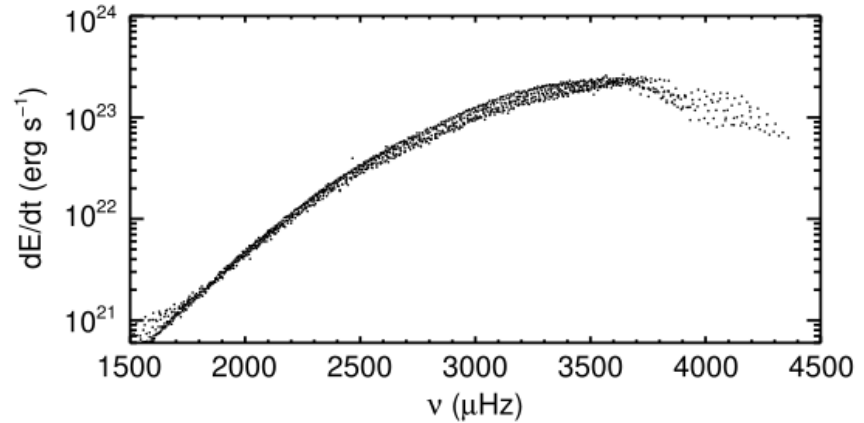
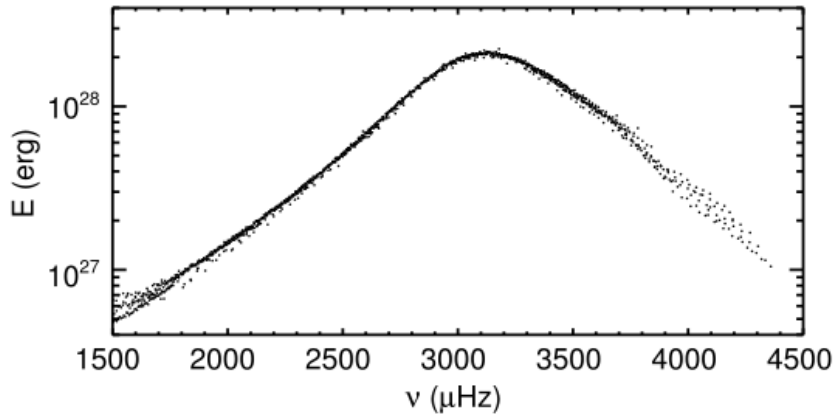
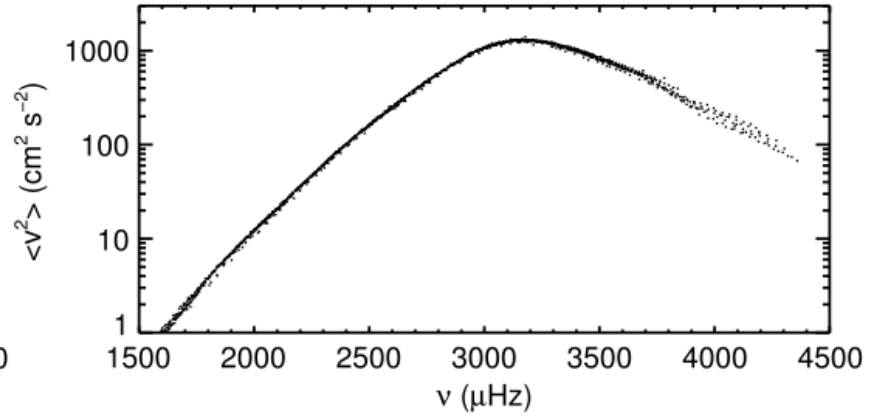
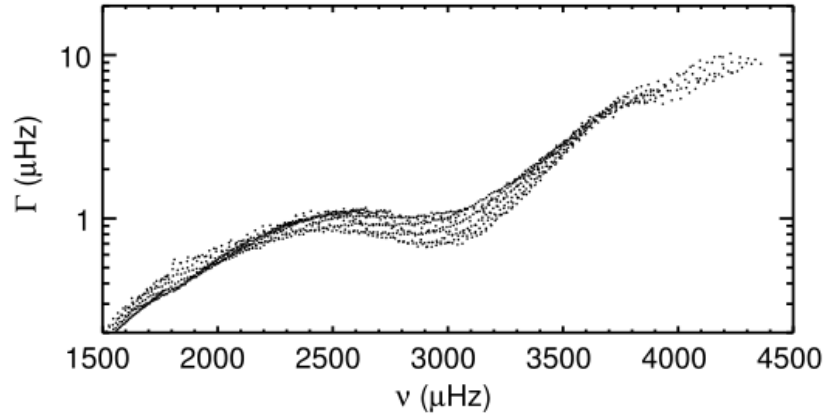
Table 1 Fit parameters of the frequency distribution of mode amplitudes for modes with $2 \leq l \leq 150$.

ν_{\max} [μHz]	σ [μHz]	γ [μHz]	Σ [μHz]
3079.76 ± 0.17	181.8 ± 0.3	150.9 ± 0.2	611.8 ± 0.5
$a/10^4$ [$\text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-2} \text{Hz}^{-1}$]	b [$\text{m}^2 \text{s}^{-2} \text{Hz}^{-1}$]	S	χ_{red}^2
3299 ± 2	-581 ± 1	-0.100 ± 0.002	32.8

Physical Quantities

- Mean squared velocities $\langle v_{nl}^2 \rangle = \frac{\pi}{2} C_{\text{vis}} \Gamma_{nl} A_{nl}$
- Mode energies $E_{nl} = M_{nl} \langle v_{nl}^2 \rangle$
- Mode energy supply rates $\frac{dE_{nl}}{dt} = 2\pi E_{nl} \Gamma_{nl} = \pi^2 C_{\text{vis}} M_{nl} A_{nl} \Gamma_{nl}^2$

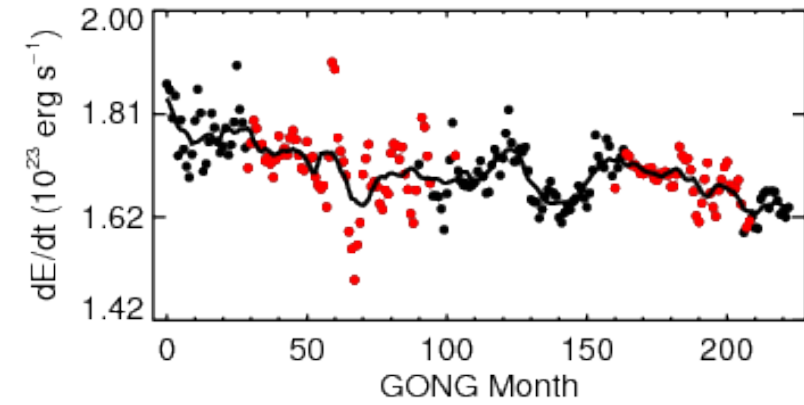
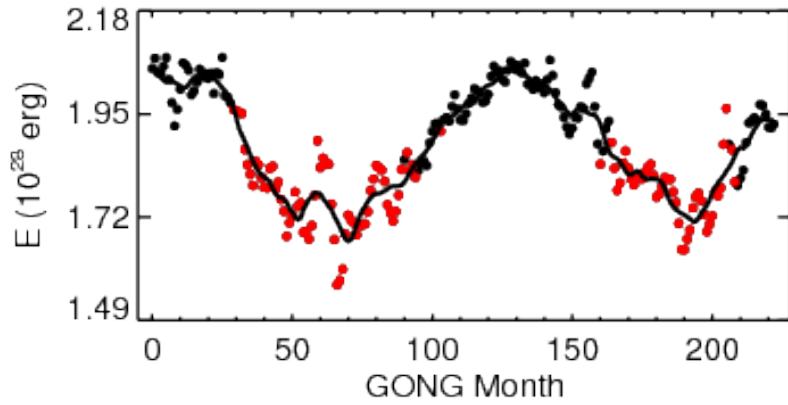
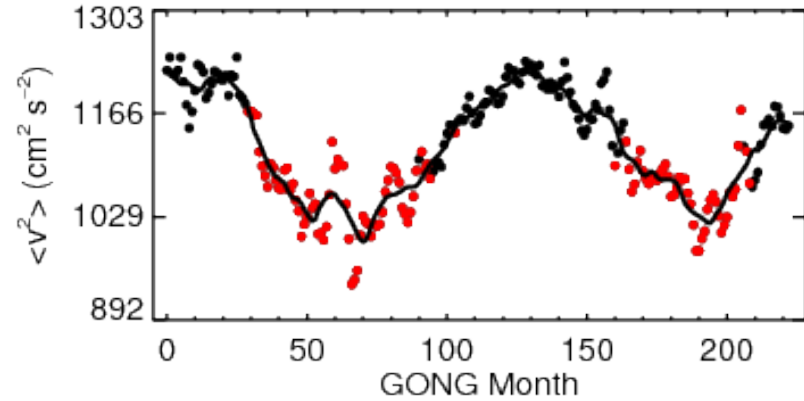
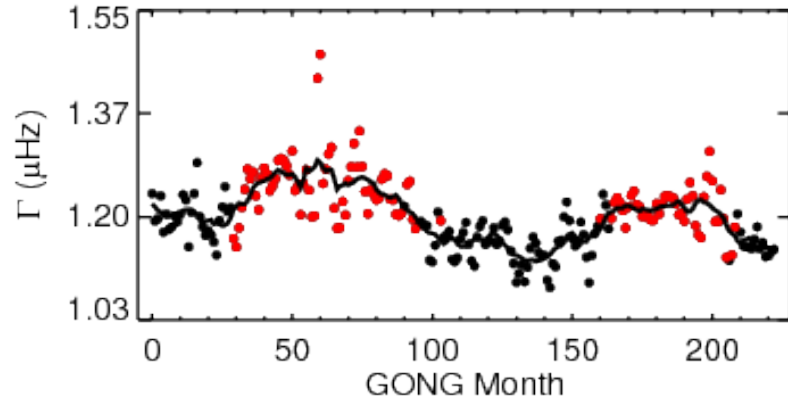
Physical Quantities



Physical Quantities

	Γ	$\langle v^2 \rangle$	E	dE/dt
Frequency range [μHz]	2400 – 3000	2900 – 3300	2900 – 3300	3000 – 3600
Number of modes	358	237	237	385
Correlation ρ	0.69	-0.88	-0.88	-0.01
p value	$< 10^{-10}$	$< 10^{-10}$	$< 10^{-10}$	0.88

Physical Quantities



Conclusions

- p mode parameters change along the solar cycle
 - Mode amplitudes are anti-correlated with the level of activity
 - Mode widths are correlated with the level of activity
 - Magnitude of fractional parameter changes depends on mode frequency and harmonic degree
- Mode amplitudes as a function of frequency follow an asymmetric Voigt profile
- Mode velocities, energies anti-correlated with activity

Thank You for Your Attention!

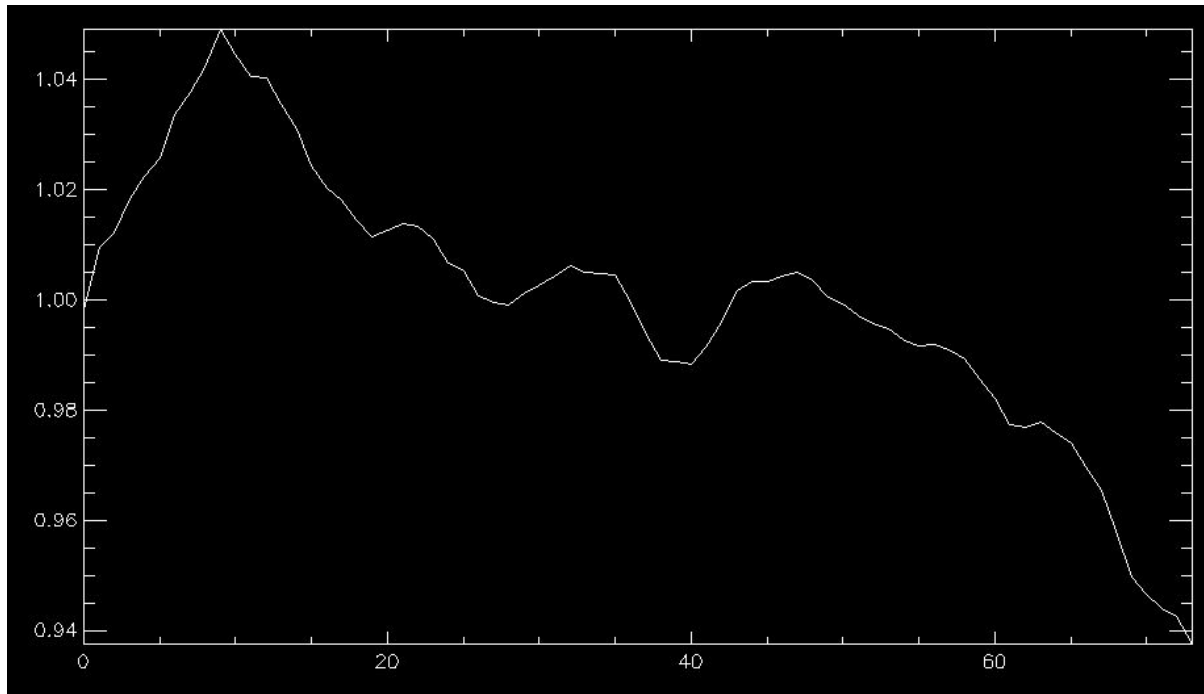
Solar Phys (2018) 293:151
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s11207-018-1370-x>



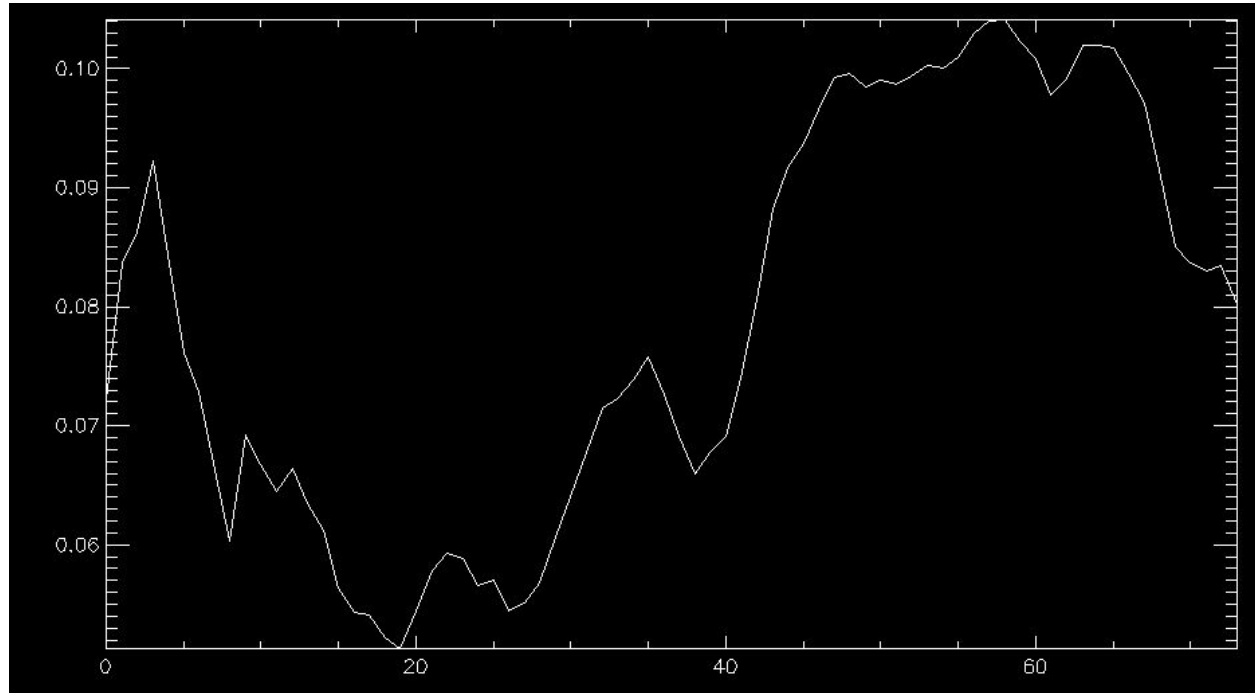
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Anne-Marie Broomhall¹  · Markus Roth² 

HMI Mode Amplitudes



Linear Trend Removed



GONG Widths

